23.107-2 Biobased products.

- (a) Authorities.
- (1) The Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (FSRIA), <u>7 U.S.C. 8102</u>, as implemented at <u>7 CFR part 3201</u>.
- (2) The Energy Policy Act of 2005, Public Law 109-58.
- (b) *USDA BioPreferred* ® *Program*. The BioPreferred Program was created in the 2002 Farm Bill and is managed by the *USDA*. The goal of the BioPreferred Program is to increase the purchase and use of *biobased products* (as defined in 2.101) by agencies.
- (c) Applicability.
- (1) This section applies to *contract actions* involving a *biobased product* in a *USDA*-designated product category if—
- (i) The price of the biobased product exceeds \$10,000; or
- (ii) The aggregate amount paid for multiple purchases of the *biobased product*, or for a functionally equivalent product, in the preceding fiscal year was \$10,000 or more.
- (2) While micro-purchases are included in determining the aggregate amount paid under paragraph (c)(1) of this section, it is not necessary for an agency to track micro-purchases when—
- (i) The agency anticipates the aggregate amount paid will exceed \$10,000; or
- (ii)The agency intends to establish or continue an affirmative *procurement* program in the following fiscal year.
- (d) Agency affirmative procurement program. An agency shall establish an affirmative procurement program for biobased products in USDA-designated product categories if the agency's purchases of such products exceed the threshold set forth in paragraph (c)(1) of this section.
- (1) Agency affirmative procurement programs must include—
- (i) A biobased products preference program;
- (ii) A program to promote the biobased products preference program;
- (iii) A program for requiring preaward certification that *products* meet *USDA* recommendations (see <u>52.223-1</u>, *Biobased Product* Certification) and reporting on *biobased products* used in performance of contracts (see <u>52.223-2</u>, Reporting of *Biobased Products* Under Service and *Construction* Contracts); and
- (iv) Annual review and monitoring of the effectiveness of the program.
- (2) Technical or requirements personnel and *procurement* personnel are responsible for the preparation, implementation, and monitoring of affirmative *procurement* programs.

- (3) Agencies have a period of 1 year to revise their *procurement* program(s) after *USDA* updates any *USDA*-designated product categories.
- (e) *Procedures*. The following procedures apply when the thresholds set forth in paragraph (c)(1) of this section are exceeded.
- (1) Once a *biobased product* is included in a *USDA*-designated product category, agencies *shall* purchase conforming *products* to the maximum extent practicable in accordance with $\underline{23.104}$ (a), unless a justification, exception, or exemption applies (see $\underline{23.104}$ (a), $\underline{23.105}$, and $\underline{23.106}$, respectively).
- (2) Agencies may use their own specifications or commercial product descriptions when procuring biobased products; however, the contract should specify that the biobased product is composed of the—
- (i) Highest percentage of biobased material practicable; or
- (ii) USDA's recommended minimum contents standards.
- (3) When acquiring *biobased products*, the *contracting officer may* request information or data on such *products*, including biobased content or related standards of the *products* (see 11.301(c)).
- (4) Agencies *shall* treat as eligible for the preference for *biobased products*, *products* from designated countries, as defined in <u>25.003</u>, provided that those *products*—
- (i) Meet the criteria for the definition of *biobased product*, except that the *products* need not meet the requirement that renewable agricultural materials or forestry materials in such product *must* be domestic; and
- (ii) Otherwise meet all requirements for participation in the preference program.
- (f) Resources.
- (1) For information on *USDA*-designated product categories and minimum content standards for *biobased products*, see <u>https://www.biopreferred.gov</u>.
- (2) Contracting officers should also consult their agency's affirmative procurement program for agency-specific guidance.

Parent topic: 23.107 Statutory purchasing programs.